

# VAPCO PRODUCTS, INC.

# Safety Data Sheet High Tech Acid

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### 1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name

High Tech Acid

Product number

HTAC-1, HTAC-5

Brand

Vapco

#### 1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Acid-based condenser coil cleaner

#### 1.4 Supplier's details

Name

Vapco Products, Inc.

Address

401 Marshall Road

Valley Park, Missouri 63088

**United States** 

Telephone

(636) 923-2121

Fax

(636) 923-3002

email

info@VapcoProducts.com

## 1.5 Emergency phone number

(800) 255-3924

#### **SECTION 2: Hazard identification**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200, 2024)

- Acute toxicity, dermal, Cat. 1
- Acute toxicity, inhalation, Cat. 2
- Acute toxicity, oral, Cat. 2
- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 1
- Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 1

## 2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **Pictograms**



#### Signal word

#### Danger

| Hazar | rd s | itat | em | ent | (S) |
|-------|------|------|----|-----|-----|

H300 Fatal if swallowed
H310 Fatal in contact with skin

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H330 Fatal if inhaled

Precautionary statement(s)

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P262 Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P284 [In case of inadequate ventilation] wear respiratory protection.
P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse

skin with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor if exposed or concerned.

P320 Specific treatment is urgent (see First Aid on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P361+P364 Take off immediately all contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to the specifications of local, regional,

national, and international regulations.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2 Mixtures

#### **Hazardous components**

#### 1. hydrofluoric acid 49%

 Concentration
 8 - 10 % (weight)

 EC no.
 231-634-8

 CAS no.
 7664-39-3

 Index no.
 009-003-00-1

#### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

#### 4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell,

seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

If inhaled First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting

rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in

a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

In case of skin contact Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Obtain medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention

if irritation develops or persists.

If swallowed Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

**Symptoms/Injuries:** Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye and skin irritation.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Contact causes severe irritation with burns. Dermatitis may occur due to long-term irritation.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of conjunctiva. Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause permanent eye damage.

Chronic Health Hazards: Possible liver, kidney, blood damage, dental or skeletal fluorosis.

## 4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Note to physician: The absence of visible signs or symptoms of burns does not reliably exclude the presence of actual tissue damage.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

#### 5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, fog, carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or sand. Use appropriate media for surrounding fire.

#### 5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Reactivity: May be corrosive to metals and reactive to strong bases. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

#### 5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Precautionary Fire Measures: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not breathe fumes from fire or vapors from decomposition. Do NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Shut off all sources of ignition. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. **Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory

protection. Wear NIOSH-approved Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus with a full face piece operated in a positive pressure demand mode with full body protective clothing when fighting fires.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxide(s) and acid mist.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**General Measures:** Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, spray, mist, gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedure:** Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For Containment: Ventilate the area. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent further migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions. Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop the ignition source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

**Waste Disposal:** Dispose of in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Containers may be hazardous when empty. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld. Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal (40 CFR 261).

#### Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on open flame or other ignition source.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Other Precautions: Keep out of reach of children. Follow label instructions. Vapors may collect in low lying areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong alkalis, strong oxidizing agents.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### **B.1** Control parameters

#### 1. hydrofluoric acid 49% (CAS: 7664-39-3 EC: 231-634-8)

IOELV-LTEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 1.5 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-LTEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 1.8 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-STEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 2.5 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-STEL [Hydrogen fluoride] (Inhalation): 3 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

#### **8.2** Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. Ensure all local, regional, national, and international regulations are being observed. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

#### **B.3** Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

#### Eye/face protection

Chemical safety goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.

#### Skin protection

Wear protective gloves and clothing.

#### **Body protection**

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

#### Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved Self-Containing Breathing Apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

## Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state

Appearance

Color

Odor

Liquid

Cloudy to clear liquid

Pink

Acid odor

Odor threshold

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability

N/D

N/D

Not considered a flammable liquid by OSHA (29 CFR

1910.1200

<32°F (0°C)

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

pН

Kinematic viscosity

Solubility

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Vapor pressure Evaporation rate

Density and/or relative density

Relative vapor density

N/D N/D 1

N/D

N/D

N/D

Soluble in water

N/D

23.8 mmHg at 77°F (25°C)

<0.8 (Slow)

1.02 at 77°F (25°C)

1 (Air=1)

## Supplemental information regarding physical hazard classes

Volatile Organic Compounds: <1%.

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1 Reactivity

May react with strong bases and chemically active metals.

#### 10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

#### 10.4 Conditions to avoid

Chlorine-liberating material. No not mix with bases, ammonia or other cleaning compounds.

#### 10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong alkalis, strong oxidizing agents.

#### 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxide(s) and acid mist.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

The ATE (dermal) of the mixture is: 50 mg/kg bw.

The ATE (dusts-mists inhalation) of the mixture is: 0.5 mg/l.

The ATE (gas inhalation) of the mixture is: 1000 ppmV.

The ATE (oral) of the mixture is: 50 mg/kg bw.

#### Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe burns, prolonged contact will destroy tissue.

#### Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes severe burns, irritation, redness, tearing, pain, and may result in loss of sight.

#### Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause irritation (possible severe), chemical burns, upper respiratory damage, and pulmonary edema.

#### Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not classified.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Causes severe burns, prolonged contact will destroy tissue.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Dermatitis may occur due to long-term irritation. Upper respiratory damage, chemical burns, and pulmonary edema.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Not classified.

#### Additional information

Symptoms/Injuries: Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye and skin irritation.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Contact causes severe irritation with burns. Dermatitis may occur due to long-term irritation.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes severe irritation with redness and swelling of conjunctiva.

Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause permanent eye damage.

Chronic Health Hazards: Possible liver, kidney, blood damage, dental or skeletal fluorosis.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **Toxicity**

Not classified.

#### Persistence and degradability

This product is biodegradable.

#### Mobility in soil

This product is mobile in soil.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

**Disposal methods** 

#### Product disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

#### Waste treatment

Check the pH of the waste to be disposed. May be subjected to disposal regulations: U.S. EPA 40 CFR 261. Hazardous waste number(s): D002.

#### Sewage disposal

Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

## Other disposal recommendations

Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### DOT (US)

UN Number: UN1760

Class: 8

Packing Group: II

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s

#### **IMDG**

UN Number: UN1760

Class: 8

Packing Group: II EMS Number: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s

#### IATA

UN Number: UN1760

Class: 8

Packing Group: II

Proper Shipping Name: Corrosive liquids, n.o.s

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

## Massachusetts Right To Know Components (105 CMR 670)

Chemical name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID

CAS number: 7664-39-3

# Massachusetts Toxic Use Reduction Act (TURA) list

Chemical name: Hydrofluoric acid (all concentrations)

CAS number: 7664-39-3

**New Jersey Right To Know Components** 

Common name: HYDROGEN FLUORIDE

CAS number: 7664-39-3

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID

CAS number: 7664-39-3

**US EPA TSCA public inventory** 

Chemical name: hydrofluoric acid 49%

CAS number: 7664-39-3

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

N/A = Not applicable; N/D = Not determined

#### 16.1 Further information/disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

#### 16.2 Preparation information

Prepared by: Jessica Wilson Date prepared: 3-14-2025

.