

VAPCO PRODUCTS, INC.

Safety Data Sheet Loosen It

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name

Loosen It

Product number

LPO-ITA

Brand

Vapco

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Penetrating lubricant

1.4 Supplier's details

Name

Vapco Products, Inc.

Address

401 Marshall Road

Valley Park, Missouri 63088

United States

Telephone

(636) 923-2121

Fax email (636) 923-3002

info@VapcoProducts.com

1.5 Emergency phone number

(800) 255-3924

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200, 2012)

- Flammable aerosols, Cat. 1
- Gases under pressure, liquefied gas

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H222

Extremely flammable aerosol

H280

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary statement(s)

P210

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

P211 P251

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P410+P403 P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122

°F.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 **Mixtures**

Hazardous components

1. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

Concentration

15 - 40 % (weight)

EC no.

265-148-2

CAS no.

64742-46-7

Index no.

649-221-00-X

2. Petroleum gases, liquified, sweetened, if they contain > 0.1% w/w Butadiene

Concentration

10 - 30 % (weight)

EC no.

270-705-8

CAS no.

68476-86-8

Index no.

649-203-00-1

3. Ethyl acetate

Concentration

3 - 7 % (weight)

EC no.

205-500-4

CAS no.

141-78-6

Index no.

607-022-00-5

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

Description of necessary first-aid measures 4.1

General advice

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell,

seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

If inhaled First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting

rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in

a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

In case of skin contact Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Obtain medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention

if irritation develops or persists.

If swallowed Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Harmful if inhaled. May cause irritation to eyes and skin.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Contact with gas/liquid escaping the container can cause dermatitis and defatting.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact with vapors and/or liquid escaping the container may cause irritation with redness, tearing, and blurred vision.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Aspiration hazard.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand. Note to physician: If ingested, material may be aspirated into the lungs and cause chemical pneumonitis. Treat appropriately.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2).

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Explosion Hazard: Container may explode in heat of fire. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers, spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.

Reactivity: None known.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Precautionary Fire Measures: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not breathe fumes from fire or vapors from decomposition. Do NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Shut off all sources of ignition. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. **Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear NIOSH-approved Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus with a full face piece operated in a positive pressure demand mode with full body protective clothing when fighting fires.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxide(s).

Further information

Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, spray, mist, gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedure: Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For Containment: Ventilate the area. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent further migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop the ignition source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Containers may be hazardous when empty. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld. Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal (40 CFR 261).

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on open flame or other ignition source.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Other Precautions: Keep out of reach of children. Follow label instructions. Vapors may collect in low lying areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong alkalis, oxidizers, bases, reactive metals, and natural rubber. Strong reducing agents

Storage Temperature: <50°C/122°F.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

B.1 Control parameters

1. Ethyl acetate (CAS: 141-78-6)

TWA (Inhalation): 200 ppm; 720 mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

STEL (Inhalation): 400 ppm; 1440 mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

IOELV-LTEL (Inhalation): 734 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 4 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/25/2023.

IOELV-LTEL (Inhalation): 200 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 4 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/25/2023.

IOELV-STEL (Inhalation): 1468 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 4 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/25/2023.

IOELV-STEL (Inhalation): 400 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 4 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/25/2023.

PEL (Inhalation): 400 ppm; US (US/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 1400 mg/m3; US (US/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL (Inhalation): 400 ppm; US (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL (Inhalation): 400 ppm; US (NIOSH) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

B.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. Ensure all local, regional, national, and international regulations are being observed. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

B.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eye/face protection

Chemical safety goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves and clothing.

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved Self-Containing Breathing Apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Liquid

Appearance Aerosol spray
Color Brown to amber
Odor Petroleum odor

Odor threshold N/D
Melting point/freezing point N/D
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range N/D

Flammability Considered an extremely flammable aerosol by OSHA

(29 CFR 1910.1200)

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit N/D

Flash point >110°F (43°C)

Auto-ignition temperature N/D
Decomposition temperature N/D
pH N/A
Kinematic viscosity N/D

Solubility Insoluble in water

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)
Vapor pressure
Evaporation rate

N/D
N/D
Slow

Density and/or relative density 0.80-0.84 at 77°F (25°C)

Relative vapor density N/D

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

None known.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions of use.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Temperatures greater than 122°F and sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong alkalis, oxidizers, bases, reactive metals, and natural rubber. Strong reducing agents.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxide(s).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Not classified.

Skin corrosion/irritation

May cause irritation, localized defatting, dermatitis with prolonged or repeated contact.

Serious eye damage/irritation

May cause irritation, redness.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

May cause irritation to the respiratory tract, dizziness, headaches, drowsiness, unconsciousness.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not classified.

Aspiration hazard

May cause irritation to the respiratory tract.

Additional information

Medical Condition Aggravated: May aggravate pre-existing medical conditions.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Not established.

Persistence and degradability

Component(s) of this product are not biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

This product is not expected to bioaccumulate.

Mobility in soil

This product is mobile in soil.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Waste treatment

RCRA Status: Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal (40 CFR 261).

Other disposal recommendations

Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN Number: UN1950

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

IMDG

UN Number: UN1950

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N/A EMS Number: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

IATA

UN Number: UN1950

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Massachusetts Right To Know Components (105 CMR 670)

Chemical name: ACETIC ACID, ETHYL ESTER

CAS number: 141-78-6

Massachusetts Toxic Use Reduction Act (TURA) list

Chemical name: Ethyl acetate

CAS number: 141-78-6

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: ETHYL ACETATE

CAS number: 141-78-6

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: ACETIC ACID ETHYL ESTER

CAS number: 141-78-6

US EPA TSCA public inventory

Chemical name: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated middle

CAS number: 64742-46-7

Chemical name: Petroleum gases, liquified, sweetened, if they contain > 0.1% w/w Butadiene

CAS number: 68476-86-8

Chemical name: Ethyl acetate

CAS number: 141-78-6

SECTION 16: Other information

N/A = Not applicable; N/D = Not determined

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

16.2 Preparation information

Prepared by: Jessica Wilson Date prepared: 3-5-2025