

VAPCO PRODUCTS, INC.

Safety Data Sheet PVC SPRAY 'N LOCK

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1 GHS Product identifier

Product name

PVC SPRAY 'N LOCK

Product number

PVC-SNLC, PVC-SCLP

Brand

Vapco

1.3 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Spray-on PVC bonding agent

1.4 Supplier's details

Name

Vapco Products, Inc.

Address

401 Marshall Road

Valley Park, Missouri 63088

United States

Telephone

(636) 923-2121

Fax

(636) 923-3002

email

info@VapcoProducts.com

1.5 Emergency phone number

(800) 255-3924

SECTION 2: Hazard identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS classification in accordance with: OSHA (29 CFR 1910.1200, 2024)

- Eye damage/irritation, Cat. 2A
- Flammable aerosols, Cat. 1
- Gases under pressure, liquefied gas
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure), Cat. 3

2.2 GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictograms



Signal word	Danger
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Hazard statement(s	;)
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H222 Extremely flammable aerosol
H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated
H319 Causes serious eye irritation

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness

Precautionary statement(s)

P210 Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.
P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.
P251 Pressurized container: do not pierce or burn, even after use.

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear eye protection/face protection.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

P410+P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122

°F.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to the specifications of local, regional,

national, and international regulations.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures

Hazardous components

1. Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)

Concentration 50 - 75 % (weight)

EC no. 201-159-0 CAS no. 78-93-3 Index no. 606-002-00-3

2. Propane, liquid

Concentration 50 - 75 % (weight)

EC no. 200-827-9 CAS no. 74-98-6 Index no. 601-003-00-5

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1 Description of necessary first-aid measures

General advice Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell,

seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

If inhaled First, take proper precautions to ensure your own safety before attempting

rescue (e.g. wear appropriate respiratory protective equipment, use the buddy system), then remove the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest in

a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical advice/attention.

In case of skin contact Immediately drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Obtain medical attention if

irritation develops or persists.

In case of eye contact Immediately rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention

if irritation develops or persists.

If swallowed Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Acute Health Hazards

Symptoms/Injuries: Harmful if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Asphyxia by lack of oxygen: risk of death.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including, but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness. In elevated concentrations, may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death. Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Contact causes mild irritation with redness, tearing, stinging, and blurred vision.

4.3 Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1 Suitable extinguishing media

Carbon dioxide (CO2), alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or sand. Use appropriate media for surrounding fire.

5.2 Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Explosion Hazard: Container may explode in heat of fire. Heat may build pressure, rupturing closed containers,

spreading fire and increasing risk of burns and injuries. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distance to an ignition source and flash back to source of vapors.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents, strong caustics, and hydrogen peroxide.

5.3 Special protective actions for fire-fighters

Precautionary Fire Measures: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire.

Firefighting Instructions: Use dry chemical, foam, or carbon dioxide (CO2). Do not breathe fumes from fire or vapors from decomposition. Do NOT fight fire when fire reaches containers. Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Shut off all sources of ignition. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. **Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear NIOSH-approved Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus with a full face piece operated in a positive pressure demand mode with full body protective clothing when fighting fires.

Hazardous Combustion Products: Carbon oxide(s).

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General Measures: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapors, spray, mist, gas. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking.

For Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedure: Eliminate ignition sources first, then ventilate the area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel, isolate, and ventilate area. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

For Non-Emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

For Containment: Ventilate the area. Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent further migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Stop the ignition source of the release, if safe to do so. Consider the use of water spray to disperse vapors. Isolate the area until gas has dispersed. Ventilate and gas test area before entering. Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

Waste Disposal: Dispose of in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Containers may be hazardous when empty. Do not flame cut, braze, or weld. Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal (40 CFR 261).

Reference to other sections

See Section 8 for exposure controls and personal protection and Section 13 for disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for Safe Handling: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not breathe gas, mist, spray, vapors. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Do not spray on open flame or other ignition source.

Additional Hazards When Processed: Do not pressurize, cut, or weld containers. Ruptured cylinders may rocket. Pressurized container: May burst if heated. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

Other Precautions: Keep out of reach of children. Follow label instructions. Vapors may collect in low lying areas.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Comply with applicable regulations. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool place. Keep only in the original container in a cool, well-ventilated place away from ignition sources. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Store locked up/in a secure area.

Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidizing agents, strong caustics, and hydrogen peroxide.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

B.1 Control parameters

1. Propane, liquid (CAS: 74-98-6)

PEL [Propane] (Inhalation): 1000 ppm; US (US/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL [Propane] (Inhalation): 1800 mg/m3; US (US/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL [Propane] (Inhalation): 1000 ppm; US (Cal/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL [Propane] (Inhalation): 1000 ppm; US (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

2. Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) (CAS: 78-93-3)

TWA (Inhalation): 150 ppm; 445 mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

STEL (Inhalation): 300 ppm; 890 mg/m3; AU (AU/SWA)

IOELV-LTEL [Butanone] (Inhalation): 600 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-LTEL [Butanone] (Inhalation): 200 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-STEL [Butanone] (Inhalation): 900 mg/m3; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

IOELV-STEL [Butanone] (Inhalation): 300 ppm; EU (EU/OSHA)

List no. 1 under Council Directive 98/24/EC as amended. List last updated on 8/29/2023.

PEL [2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)] (Inhalation): 200 ppm; US (US/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL [2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)] (Inhalation): 590 mg/m3; US (US/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

PEL [2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)] (Inhalation): 200 ppm, (ST) 300 ppm; US (Cal/OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

REL [2-Butanone (Methyl ethyl ketone)] (Inhalation): 200 ppm, (ST) 300 ppm; US (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

8.2 Appropriate engineering controls

Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Use explosion-proof equipment. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. Ensure all local, regional, national, and international regulations are being observed. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

8.3 Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE)

Eve/face protection

Chemical safety goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection. Respiratory protection of the dependent type.

Skin protection

Wear protective gloves and clothing.

Body protection

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear protective gloves. Chemical resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flame resistant/retardant clothing.

Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved Self-Containing Breathing Apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state
Appearance

Color Odor

Odor threshold

Melting point/freezing point

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range

Flammability

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

Flash point

Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature

рΗ

Kinematic viscosity

Solubility

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)

Vapor pressure Evaporation rate

Density and/or relative density

Relative vapor density

Liquid

Aerosol spray

Colorless

Characteristic ketone odor

N/A

-176.67°C (-286°F)

-37.8°C (-36.1°F)

Extremely flammable aerosol

2.5% - 9.0%

N/D

674.44°C (1246°F)

N/D N/A N/D

Insoluble in water

N/D

586.05 kPa (85 psi) at 21.1°C (70°F)

Fast 0.53 N/D

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if headed. Vapor may ignite if exposed to static discharge.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Carbon oxides.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame, heat, sparks, or static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents, strong caustics, and hydrogen peroxide.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxide(s).

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) LD50 Oral - Rat - 2.6 g/kg LD50 Dermal - Rabbit - 6.4 g/kg LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 11300 pm - 4 hrs

Propane, liquid

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 658 mg/l - 4 hrs

Skin corrosion/irritation

May cause localized defatting, drying with prolonged or repeated contact.

Serious eye damage/irritation

Contact causes mild irritation with redness, tearing, stinging, and blurred vision.

Respiratory or skin sensitization

High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms. Inhalation is likely to cause adverse health effects including, but not limited to: irritation, difficulty breathing, and unconsciousness. In elevated concentrations, may cause asphyxiation, central nervous system effects, and increased pulse, mood changes, tremors, cyanosis, muscular weakness, narcosis, numbness of the extremities, unconsciousness and death.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not classified.

Carcinogenicity

Not classified.

Reproductive toxicity

Not classified.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - repeated exposure

Not classified

Aspiration hazard

Not classified.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Toxicity

Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)

LC50 - Pimephales promelas - 3130-3320 mg/L

Persistence and degradability

Readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

Mobility in soil

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

Product disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations. Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Sewage disposal

Avoid release into the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

Other disposal recommendations

Container may remain hazardous when empty. Continue to observe all precautions. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Product should be fully characterized prior to disposal.

SECTION 14: Transport information

DOT (US)

UN Number: UN1950

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

IMDG

UN Number: UN1950

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

IATA

UN Number: UN1950

Class: 2.1

Packing Group: N/A

Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols, flammable, (each not exceeding 1 L capacity)

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Massachusetts Right To Know Components (105 CMR 670)

Chemical name: PROPANE CAS number: 74-98-6

Chemical name: 2-BUTANONE

CAS number: 78-93-3

Massachusetts Toxic Use Reduction Act (TURA) list

Chemical name: Methyl ethyl ketone

CAS number: 78-93-3

New Jersey Right To Know Components

Common name: PROPANE CAS number: 74-98-6

Common name: METHYL ETHYL KETONE

CAS number: 78-93-3

Pennsylvania Right To Know Components

Chemical name: PROPANE CAS number: 74-98-6

Chemical name: 2-BUTANONE

CAS number: 78-93-3

Listing note: E-environmental hazard.

US EPA TSCA public inventory

Chemical name: Propane, liquid

CAS number: 74-98-6

Chemical name: Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK)

CAS number: 78-93-3

SECTION 16: Other information

N/A = Not applicable; N/D = Not determined

16.1 Further information/disclaimer

To the best of our knowledge, information contained herein is accurate. However there is no assumption of liability for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazard which exists. The information contained in this SDS was obtained from current and reliable sources; however, the data is provided without warranty, expressed or implied, regarding its correctness or accuracy. Since the conditions of handling, storage and disposal of this product are beyond the control of the manufacturer, the manufacturer will not be responsible for loss, injury, or expense arising out of the products improper use. No warranty, expressed or inferred, regarding the product described in this SDS shall be created or inferred by any statement in this SDS. Various government agencies may have specific regulations regarding the transportation, handling, storage, use, or disposal of this product which may not be covered by this SDS. The user is responsible for full compliance.

16.2 Preparation information

Prepared by: Jessica Wilson Date prepared: 8/6/2025